

# **Effect of native probiotic (Dipro<sup>®</sup> and Lactofeed<sup>®</sup>) on performance, some water chemical parameters and intestinal bacterial population and survival rate in common carp**

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## **Abstract**

The aim of this study was to investigate the effect of native probiotics (Dipro<sup>®</sup> and Lactofeed<sup>®</sup>) on performance, some water chemical parameters and intestinal bacterial population and survival rate in carp. In a completely randomized design 36000 fish were allocated to 4 treatments with 3 replicates and 3000 fish per replicate. Probiotics will be added to the pond at the rates of 0, Lacto feed<sup>®</sup> 1 kg/hect, Dipro<sup>®</sup> 1 kg/hect and Lactofeed<sup>®</sup> 0/5 kg/hect + Dipro<sup>®</sup> 0/5 kg/hect. The results showed that in treatment received mixed probiotic had significantly higher body weight, Total length and Standard length better than the other groups ( $P < 0.05$ ). The survival rate in fish with mixed probiotic significantly increased ( $P < 0.05$ ). Also, supplementation mixed probiotic to pond decreased *Escherichia coli* counts and increased *Lactobacillus* counts in intestine compared to the control treatment. It is concluded that adding mixed probiotic to fish ponds increased performance, increased villus height, increased survival rate and increased *Lactobacillus* count in intestine compared to the control treatment.

**Keywords:** probiotic, intestinal microbial population, survival, common carp fish